

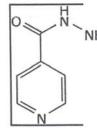
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## CASE NOTES: #3 ISONIAZID FINDING IN A POSTMORTEM CASE

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Isoniazid is an isonicotinic acid derivative used in the treatment of mycobacterfal and latent tuberculosis infec



tions. It is readily absorbed and widely distributed into body tissues and fluids. Isoniazid mechanism of action is concentration dependent. Gastrointestinal disturbances, CNS depression, sei

zures and coma have been reported following over dosage with Isoniazid. We present a case of an 18 year old female who was prescribed isoniazid for treatment of tuberculosis. Autopsy did not reveal any anatomical cause of death. No active disease process oflung, liver or heart was noted at autopsy and cause of death was exclusive of any disease. All specimens submitted to the laboratory from the ntel!,ical examiners office were subject to standard analytical screening

and confirmation proto cols. Based on the scene investigation of the case, isoniazid analysis was performed on all submitted tissues. Isoniazid was extracted, derivatized and quantitated by gas chromatography - mass spectromeiry. The results of the analysis were as follows: femoral blood - 53.4 mgIL, liver26.8 mg/Kg, urine - 170 mgIL, and kidney - 10.4 mglKg. No other therapeutic drugs were detected in the analysis.